

SCL I growing culture | 330496

General information

Description	The human cell line SCL-I was established from a poorly differentiating cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma by Boukamp et al. in 1982.
Organism	Human
Tissue	Face, skin
Disease	Squamous cell carcinoma
Synonyms	SCL-I, SCL-1, SCL1

Characteristics

Age	74 years
Gender	Female
Ethnicity	Caucasian
Morphology	Epithelial-like
Growth properties	Adherent

Identifiers / Biosafety / Citation

Citation	SCL I (Cytion catalog number 300496)
Biosafety level	1
Depositor	DKFZ, Heidelberg

Expression / Mutation

Protein expression	P53 (+)
Tumorigenic	Formation of tumors in NMRI-nu/nu mice following s.c. injection of SCL-I cells in Passage 53.

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Karyotype Aneuploid (hypotetraploid)

Handling

Culture Medium DMEM

Medium supplements 10% FBS, w: 4.5 g/L Glucose, w: 4 mM L-Glutamine, w: 1.5 g/L NaHCO₃, w: 1.0 mM Sodium pyruvate

Passaging solution TrypLETM Express (Life Technologies)

Doubling time 50 to 60 hours

Subculturing Remove medium and rinse the adherent cells using PBS without calcium and magnesium (3-5 ml PBS for T25, 5-10ml for T75 cell culture flasks). Add TrypLETM (1-2ml per T25, 2.5ml per T75 cell culture flask), the cell sheet must be covered completely. Incubate at ambient temperature for 10 minutes. Carefully resuspend the cells with medium (10 ml), centrifuge for 3 min at 300 g, resuspend cells in fresh medium and dispense into new flasks which contain fresh medium.

Split ratio A ratio of 1:5 to 1:10 is recommended

Seeding density 1 x 10⁴ cells/cm²

Fluid renewal 2 times per week

Freeze medium CM-1 (Cytion catalog number 800100) or CM-ACF (Cytion catalog number 806100)

Handling of cryopreserved cultures

The cells come deep-frozen shipped on dry ice. Please make sure that the vial is still frozen. If immediate culturing is not intended, the cryovial must be stored below -150 degree Celsius after arrival. If immediate culturing is intended, please follow the below instructions: Quickly thaw by rapid agitation in a 37 degree Celsius water bath within 40-60 seconds. The water bath should have clean water containing an antimicrobial agent. As soon as the sample has thawed, remove the cryovial from the water bath. A small ice clump should still remain and the vial should still be cold. From now on, all operations should be carried out under aseptic conditions. Transfer the cryovial to a sterile flow cabinet and wipe with 70% alcohol. Carefully open the vial and transfer the cell suspension into a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 8 ml of culture medium (room temperature). Resuspend the cells carefully. Centrifuge at 300 x g for 3 min and discard the supernatant. The centrifugation step may be omitted, but in this case the remains of the freeze medium have to be removed 24 hours later. Resuspend the cells carefully in 10 ml fresh cell culture medium and transfer them into two T25 cell culture flasks. All further steps are described in the subculture section.

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Handling of proliferating cultures

One or two cell culture flasks come filled with cell culture medium. Collect the entire medium in 1 or 2 x 50 ml centrifuge tubes, respectively. Carefully add 5 ml of cell culture medium to each T25 cell culture flask. Control the cell morphology and confluency under the microscope. Incubate at 37 degree Celsius for a minimum of 24 hours. Spin down the collected medium at 300 x g for 3 minutes to collect the cells which may have detached during transit. If a cell pellet is visible, resuspend the cells in 5 ml of cell culture medium and transfer to a T25 cell culture flask. Incubate at 37 degree Celsius for a minimum of 24 hours.

Quality control / Genetic profile / HLA

Sterility

Mycoplasma contaminations are ruled out through PCR-based and luminescence-based mycoplasma assays. The absence of bacterial, fungal or yeast contamination is controlled through daily visual cell monitoring.

STR profile

Amelogenin: x,Y
CSF1PO: 10,11
D13S317: 9,11
D16S539: 9,12
D5S818: 11,12
D7S820: 11
TH01: 6,9,3
TPOX: 8,11
vWA: 16,18
D3S1358: 16,17
D21S11: 29,30
D18S51: 16,19
Penta E: 12
Penta D: 13,14
D8S1179: 13,14
FGA: 21

HLA alleles

A*: 23:01:01, 29:02:01
B*: 38:01:01, 57:01:01
C*: 06:02:01, 12:03:01
DRB1*: 13:01:01
DQA1*: 01:03:01
DQB1*: 06:03:01
DPB1*: 02:01:02, 03:01:01
E: 01:01:01